



# 3<sup>rd</sup> NATIONAL AIDS CONFERENCE

## Strengthening Strategic Information from Civil Society to Promote Universal Access (STICS)

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# **Outline**

- **Overview**
- **Rational**
- **Objectives**
- **Strategies**
- **Expected Resulted**
- **Achievements Made**
- **Key Challenges**

# Overview

- **The Three One Principles: Third One**
- **7 Core Indicators of CMDG-G6**
- **National M&E Guidelines**
- **54 core HIV/AIDS related indicators**
- **CRIS – the national HIV/AIDS database**
- **National AIDS Spending Assessment ( NASA)**
- **UNGASS Country report ( NCPI-A, B): 25 Ind**
- **21 UA indicators and targets**

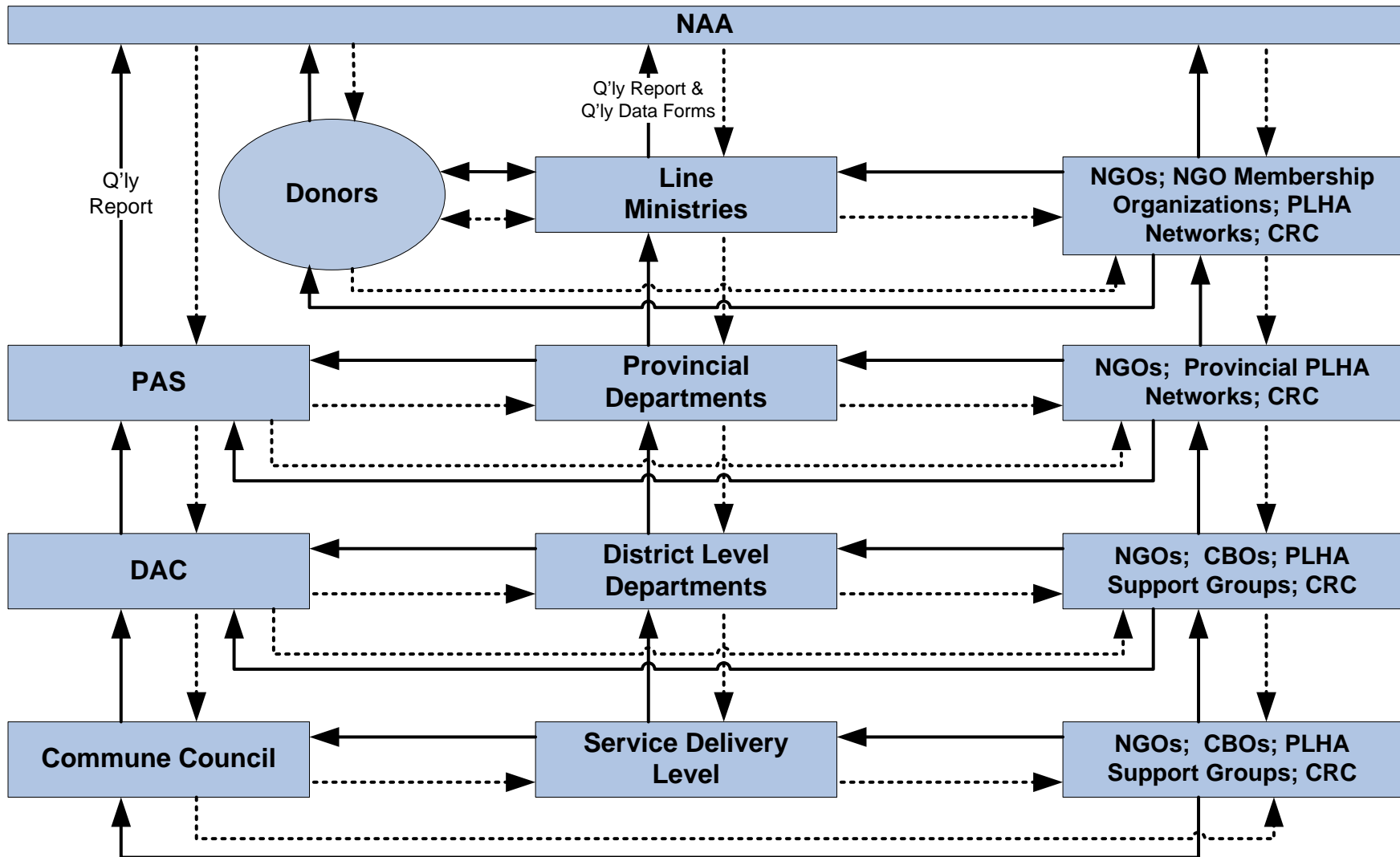
## Rational

- **21 UA indicators and targets ( **MARP Indicators** )**
- **Comprehensive and reliable data to measure UA indicators can not easily be obtained without effective participation of CSOs**
- **Capacity to collect, analyze and use data feedback mechanisms also remain weak and fragmented**
- **Reporting and data feedback mechanisms also need to strengthening to mainstream data collection efforts**

## **Rational ( Cont.)**

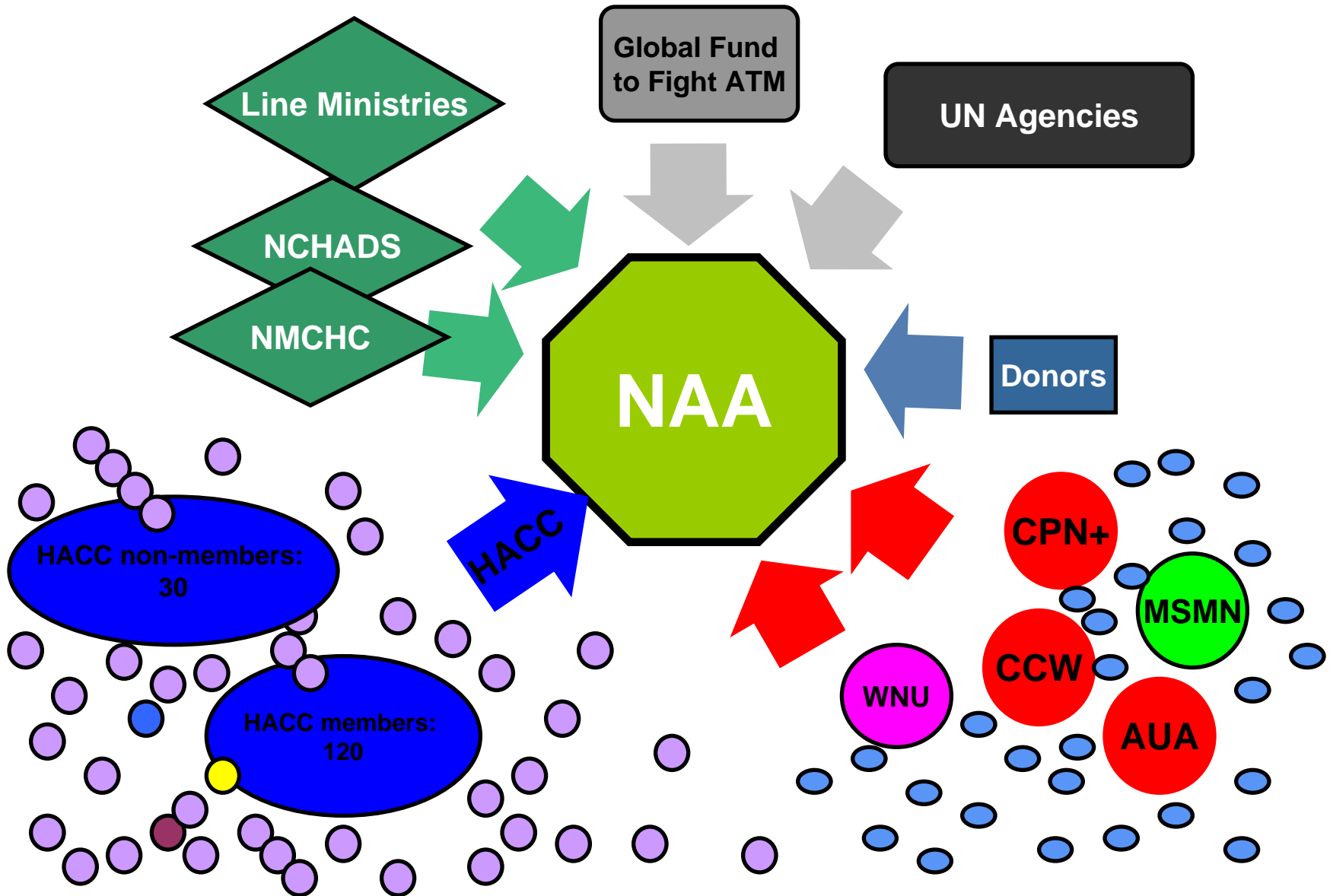
- **Allow CSO to draw direct benefits from their investment in M&E**
- **Enabling a collective CS voice and establish a bridge between CSO and GOs**
- **Help strengthening communication and cooperation between CSO and GO**
- **Ensuring a harmonized and aligned approach in the context of National M&E Guideline.**

# M&E Resources and Arrangements



→ = Transfer of Data/Information      - - - - - → = Feedback/Dissemination

# Rational ( Cont.)



## **Objectives**

- **To build HIV/AIDS monitoring and evaluation capacity of NGO umbrella organizations and of member and non-member NGOs and CBOs**
- **To Generate and share strategic information on NGO/CBO interventions which helps identifying major obstacles to reaching UA targets**
- **To Strengthen information exchange network in the non-government sector and cooperation between this sector and government**

## **Strategies**

- **These objectives will be achieved through development of M&E capacity of NGOs/CBOs, research to assess civil society's contribution to the achievement of UA as well as by means of communication, advocacy and strategic planning activities involving NGO and GOs**
- **Enhanced M&E capacity will enable NGOs/CBOs to identify and analyze their interventions, to discern what worked and what did not, and to strengthen their response to HIV/AIDS through improved programming, advocacy and resource mobilization.**

## **Expected outputs**

- **The comprehensive, up-to-date and easily accessible information regarding NGOs/CBO interventions, especially those related UA including MARPs prevention interventions.**
- **Documentation of all main activities including report of assessment of Civil Society information management systems.**
- **Monitoring guideline and reporting tools to help civil society organization gathering data needed to track selected UA and other key indicators.**
- **Improved M&E and information sharing capacity of NGOs/CBOs and better use of strategic information.**

## **Expected outputs ( Cont.)**

- **M&E training contents and materials to build NGOs/CBOs capacity.**
- **Data analysis with CSOs and GOs to identify major obstacles to the achievement of UA and effective ways to address these.**
- **Summary of gaps in response and major obstacles to reaching UA as well as of monitoring and reporting capacity development and other needs.**
- **Better harmonized and aligned M&E system of civil society /NGOs with the NAA M&E guidelines.**
- **Improved communication and coordination among civil society/NGOs and with government and strengthened information exchange mechanisms.**

## **Achievements made**

- **Data base management and data flow of CSO were shared and considered for alignment and harmonization with National M&E guideline**
- **Project was launched and widely consulted with all key relevant stakeholders**
- **Key indicators and target were selected and consulted with all relevant stakeholders**
- **HIV/AIDS program and project of CSO including NGO working on specific target groups, resource allocation, human resource of CSO etc were mapped and entry in HACC data base management**

## **Achievements made ( Cont.)**

- **Draft data collection tools and reporting format were developed and consulted with UNAIDS and N M&E TWG**
- **NGOs/CBOs working on MARP issue were identified**
- **HIV prevention indicators and its definition for Most At-Risk Population (MARPs) have been develop and consulted with key players**
- **Data management and monitoring & evaluation system of key NGOs/CBOs were reviewed**
- **HACC's website and NGOs member directory were updated and disseminated widely to all relevant stakeholders.**
- **HACC data base management developed and updated**

## **Achievements made ( Cont.)**

- **Over 120 members ( 28% are international organizations)**
- **Identified target groups of NGO members ( PLHIV: 65 NGOs, OVC:64, Youth: 37, SW:20, GP:20, MSM:14, DU:8 and other)**
- **HACC and NGO/CBO members staff ( 3,576 staff including 190 PLHIV staff)**
- **HACC and NGO/CBO members Volunteers (25,693 including 346 PLHIVs)**
- **HACC members programmatic areas ( 44 M in 2008; 39% Prevention, 39% Care, support and treatment, 12% Impact Mitigation and 10% other**

## **Key challenges**

- **Limited engagement of all CSOs**
- **Limited capacity of HACC M&E Team ( M&E Project Manager, M&E Officer, data base management Officer and GIS Officer**
- **Need to be consensus between NAA, and HACC**
- **Reporting guideline and system need to be harmonized and aligned**
- **Other**

THANK YOU

